

PRELIMINARY SPECIFICATION – NOT FOR RELEASE

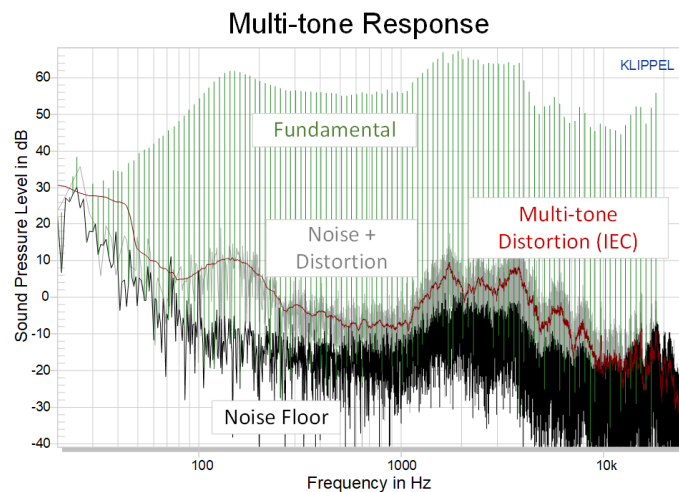
This specification is preliminary and is subject to change.

FEATURES

- Multi-tone fundamental and distortion measurements
- SPL Max and max. voltage according to IEC 60268-21 [1]
- Continuous Max. SPL related to ANSI/CEA-2010-B [2] and ANSI/CEA-2034 [3].
- Thermal compression
- Variable measurement and cooling time durations

BENEFITS

- Measurement of wireless, active and passive speakers
- Get acoustic “Fingerprint”
- Flexibility on stimulus and threshold setup
- Protection limits to avoid the DUT destruction
- Temperature protection



DESCRIPTION

The *MTON Multi-tone Measurement* is a Klippel RnD module which provides a complete measurement of the device under test (DUT) using a multi-tone stimulus. MTON module offers different measurement modes to provide a high flexibility of measurement procedures.

While the *Single Measurement* mode performs a single multi-tone measurement, the *Multiple Measurements: Voltage Increase* mode offers an automatic test sequence to obtain the operation limits of the DUT related to mechanical and thermal compression as well as multi-tone distortion.

This flexibility in the threshold and stimulus configuration allows the MTON module to pinpoint the SPL_{max} according to IEC 60268-21[1] as well as the continuous max SPL (ANSI/CEA-2010-B [2] and ANSI/CEA-2034 [3]) among other standard measurements.

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1 Overview

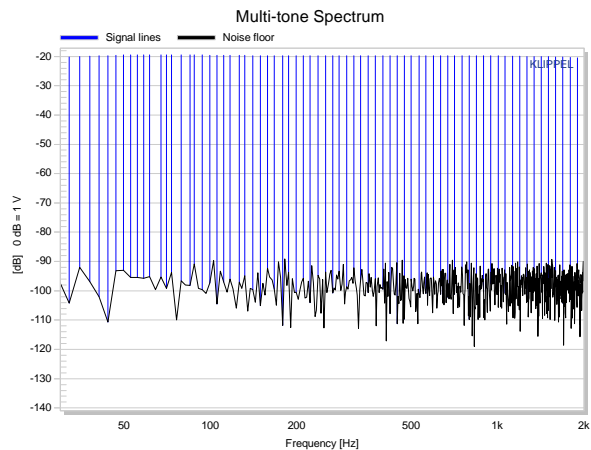
1.1 Principle

Objective The main objective of MTON module is to provide a complete and flexible measurement environment using a multi-tone stimulus. Single values as SPL, voltage at DUT terminals and maximum displacement of voice coil, as well as result curves as multi-tone distortion, transfer function and compression are calculated.

Excitation Signal The stimulus used during the measurement is a sparse multi-tone complex spaced logarithmically on frequency. Frequency range, frequency resolution and stimulus shaping among other parameters may be specified by the user.

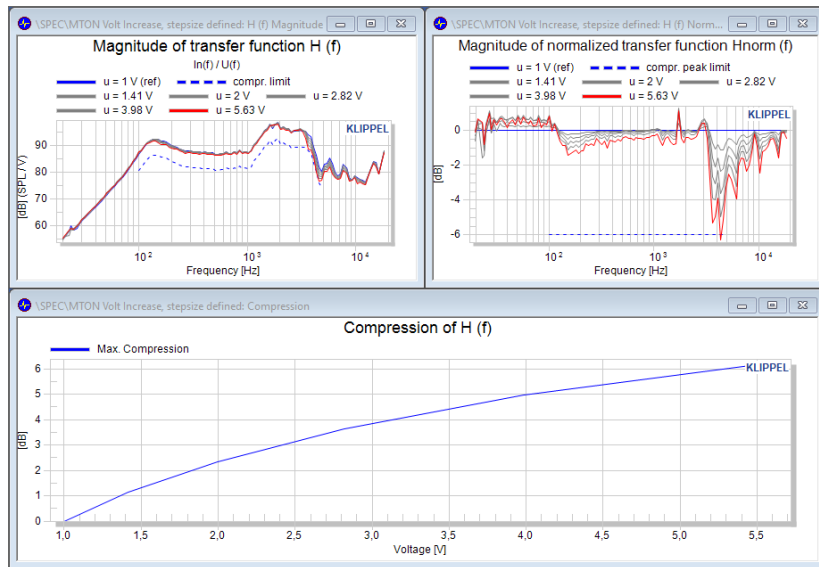
The use of a sparse multi-tone complex signal to excite the system allows the separation and characterization of distortion, which can be used to define a threshold to avoid the device destruction. Moreover, the thermal compression suffered by the device under test can be calculated, since increase of temperature leads to increasing DC-resistance.

In addition, a dense multi-tone signal similar to white noise is provided by MTON. The available shaping curves offer the stimulus characteristics required for several standards as well as pink and white noise spectrum for both sparse and dense multi-tone signals.



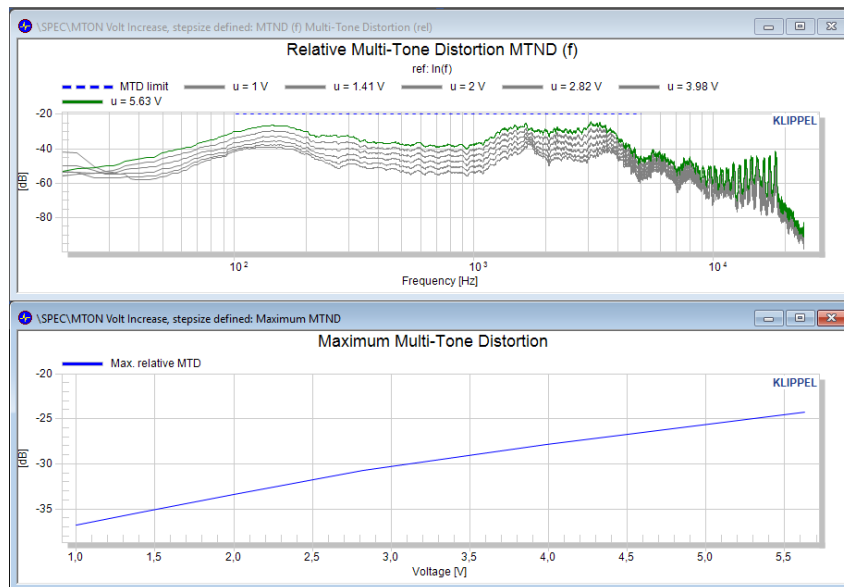
2 Examples

2.1 Compression of transfer function



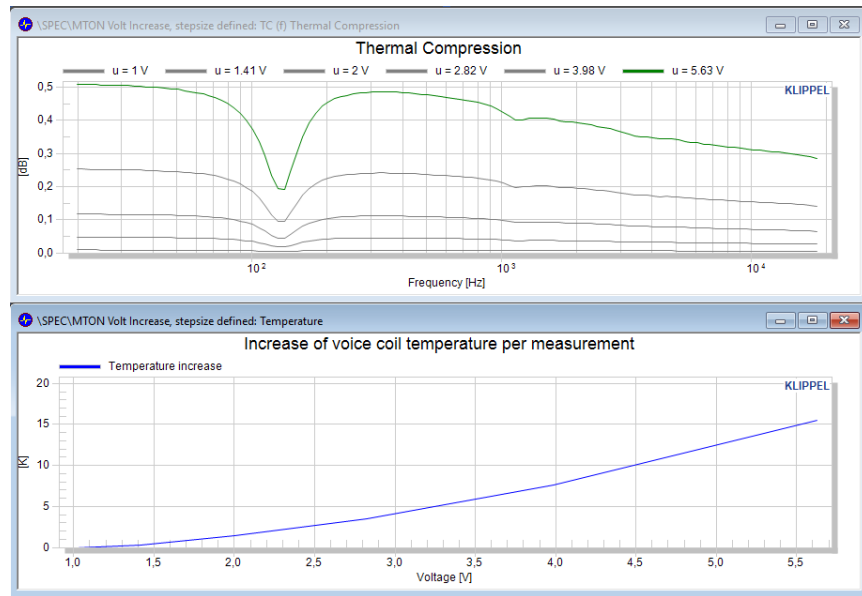
The magnitude of the transfer function is measured and normalized using as reference the first measurement performed. Measurement voltage increases automatically until the user defined compression threshold (in the example 3 dB) is reached. The results of last measurement are shown in red color to emphasize the threshold over-coming.

2.2 Multi-tone distortion




Multi-tone distortion curves are evaluated for the input signal selected by the user. Two different calculation methods can be selected to obtain the multi-tone distortion results: relative to SPL mean and absolute.

2.3 Thermal compression / Temperature increase



Thermal compression can be measured electrically if the Klippel Analyzer (KA3, DA) is connected to the speaker terminals. This measure provides a heating threshold based on the increase of voice coil temperature.

3 Requirements

3.1 Hardware		SPEC
Analyzer	 The Distortion Analyzer or the Klippel Analyzer 3 are used as the hardware to perform the measurement.	H1, H3
Microphone	<i>[optional]</i> Free field microphone with omnidirectional directivity characteristic over the desired measurement bandwidth.	A4
Amplifier	<i>[optional]</i> KA3 Amp-Card or external audio amplifier with a flat frequency response over the desired measurement bandwidth	
Laser Displacement Sensor	<i>[optional]</i> A high precision laser displacement sensor may be used to capture the membrane movement.	A2
Computer	A personal computer is required for performing the measurement.	
3.2 Software		
dB-Lab	Project Management Software of the KLIPPEL R&D SYSTEM. Requires at least version 210.820.	

4 Input

Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Stimulus				
F min	> 0	20	F max	Hz
F max	F min	18000	$0.4 \cdot f_{\text{sample}}$	
Relative Resolution	1	24		Points per octave
Shaping	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1/3 Octave Bands (R10) • Continuous Shaping Curve • Not Used 			
Time	0.05	1	20	s
Preloops	0	1		Stim. repetition
Averaging	1	1	256	Stim. repetition
Pause	0	0		s
Protection				
Max. Compression Curve		3		dB
Max. MT Distortion – Relative Limit		- 20		dB
Max. Increase of Voice Coil Temperature	> 0	60		K

5 Output

H (f) Magnitude, Phase and Normalized Transfer function	Magnitude and phase of transfer function are displayed if activated. In multiple measurements mode, the normalized transfer functions are calculated using the first measurement as reference. In addition, the compression limit is displayed if protection is activated.
MTND (f) Multi-Tone Distortion (rel)	Graph showing multi-tone distortion curves measured. In addition, the multi-tone distortion curve is displayed if protection is activated.
TC (f) Thermal Compression	Window showing the thermal compression measured, if resistance monitoring activated.
Maximum Compression	Graph showing the maximum or mean compression of each individual measurement over the measurement voltages if transfer function is activated.
Maximum MTND	Graph showing the multi-tone distortion peak of each individual measurement over the measurement voltages if multi-tone distortion calculation is activated.
Temperature	Graph showing the voice coil temperature increase of each individual measurement over the measurement voltages if resistance monitoring is activated.
SPL	Chart showing the SPL value measured over the measurement voltages if microphone signal is captured.
Table Results + Settings	Shows warnings and errors produced during the process, data collection table of results and stimulus properties.
I (t), U (t), In (t) Line, X (t)	Measured signals in time domain. Only visible if input is activated.
I (f) Current, U (f) Voltage, In (f), X (f) Dis-	Measured signals in frequency domain. Only visible if input is activated. In addition, noise + distortion and noise floor of last measurements are displayed.

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Frequency Response	Frequency responses only available if input sensor (microphone or line) is captured.
Stimulus (f) Spectrum, Stimulus (t), PDF	Stimulus spectrum displayed as signal lines and 1/3 octave bands (R10), stimulus in time domain and probability density function of stimulus.

6 References

6.1 Related Modules	Multi-Tone Distortion Task (MTD) Live Audio Analyzer (LAA) Distortion Measurement (DIS) Transfer function measurement (TRF) Tone Burst Measurement (TBM) In-Situ Room Compensation (ISC)
6.2 Manuals	Multi-Tone Measurement User Manual
6.3 Standards	[1] IEC 60268-21: "Sound system equipment – Part21: Acoustical (output-based) measurements", 2018, International Electrotechnical Commission [2] ANSI/CEA-2010-B: "Standard Method of Measurement for Subwoofers", 2014, Consumer Electronics Association [3] ANSI/CEA-2034: "Standard Method of Measurement for In-Home Loudspeakers", 2013, Consumer Electronics Association
6.4 Publications	W. Klippel: Physical and Perceptual Evaluation of Electric Guitar Loudspeakers Voishvillo, et. al. , "Graphing, Interpretation, and Comparison of Results of Loudspeaker Nonlinear Distortion Measurements," J. Audio Eng. Society 52, No. 4 pp. 332-357 (Apr. 2004)
6.5 Application Notes	AN16 Multi-tone Distortion Measurement AN46 Test Enclosure for QC

Find explanations for symbols at:

<http://www.klippel.de/know-how/literature.html>

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Designs and specifications are subject to change without notice due to modifications or improvements.

